

# NOTICE & CONSTITUTIONAL DECLARATION

*This formal NOTICE is hereby presented and served in support of my fundamental human rights (and of those of affiliated others) in support of the constitutional position; that we are indeed guaranteed by inalienable right the confirmed protections of the Irish Constitution and those of the European Union and cannot lawfully be instructed, coerced or directed by any agents of the Irish State to act in contravention of these fundamental doctrines, nor to knowingly engage in unlawful, unconstitutional or criminal activity, and the State is hereby held strictly liable for any such breaches thereof, including for any physical or psychological injuries or distress caused, and for all related costs and expenses.*

1. Irish judges ARE subject to the law and the Constitution.
2. Members of the public ARE entitled to a fair hearing in the Irish Courts.
3. Judges of the District Court, Circuit Court & High Court ARE obliged to adhere to Supreme Court rulings, decisions and directions.
4. When any person in the pay of the State commits a criminal offence, they ARE subject to justice in our Courts in the same way as the tax-paying public are.
5. If any given judge deliberately breaks the law, the Constitution, their solemn Oath of Office or any other Act or Statute in the Courtroom; then any such hearing, or any decisions or pronouncements so rendered are, self-evidently, void & invalid.
6. Members of the public are NOT obliged to comply with unlawful, unconstitutional or criminal directions from any statutory authority figure such as a member of An Garda Síochána, by Courts Service staff or by members of the Judiciary.
7. Law-abiding members of the public ARE guaranteed their constitutional safety and will NOT be unlawfully assaulted, injured or incarcerated whilst in the Courtroom.
8. All citizens and residents of this State have the right to issue private criminal proceedings, without cost or hindrance, against ANY other person, citizen or employee of the State under the terms of *The Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act 1851*.
9. Any such application, provided there is *prima facie* evidence of the crime alleged (and failing any extraordinary circumstances) MUST be dealt with on the day.
10. Notwithstanding the above, statutory provisions DO exist for the investigation of – and the removal of – judges of the various Courts for stated, *'incapacity, infirmity, misbehaviour and/or misconduct'* (in general or on specific occasion) as follows:
  - S. 73 of The Courts of Justice Act 1924
  - S. 21 of The Courts of Justice (District Court) Act 1946
  - S. 10.1 (iv) of The Courts (Supplemental Provisions) Act, 1961
  - S. 9 of The Houses of the Oireachtas (Privileges and Procedures) Act 2013
  - Article 35.4 (i) of the Irish Constitution

## ENDORSED 'QUI TACET CONSENTIT' AUGUST 2016

By: **The President of Ireland**, Michael D. Higgins; **An Taoiseach** Enda Kenny TD; **Minister for Justice & Tánaiste** Frances Fitzgerald TD; **Garda Commissioner** Nóirín O'Sullivan; **Attorney General** Marie Whelan; **Director of Public Prosecutions** Claire Loftus; **Chief Justice** Susan Denham (and any and all State-sponsored affiliates or subordinates thereof).